ls Read In the Homes.

VOLUME XXXVII, NO. 287.

KANSAS CITY, MARCH 26, 1895.

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It is now cheaper to purhase new Draperies than to have the old ones cleaned. Our new assortment is now complete and we will be pleased to show you the choice things.

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NORTH

Furniture and Carpet Co. 1216 TO 1224 MAIN ST.

A NEW BEHRING SEA TREATY.

......

Canadian Officials Deny That One Will Be Washington.

Ottawa, Ont., March 25,-It is denied in government circles that there is any likeli-hood of a new treaty in regard to Behring sea fisheries being negotiated, as indicated in dispatches from Washington. It is true for assessing the damages suffered by Canadian scalers, as congress has refused

tion of Behring sea regulations is not likely to be reopened.

Washington, March 25.—Officials here doubt the competency of the Canadian government to deny that there will be any new arrangement negotiated in place of the present inefficient system imposed by the Behring sea arbitration for the protection of the seals. Such an arrangement, whether it took the form of a treaty or a modus vivendi, would be negotiated directly between the United States and Great Britain. Of course it is assumed that the British would consult the Canadian government before committing themselves, but it is a matter of record that the first modus vivendi was nevertheless entered into against the protest of the Canadians, who naturally can be counted on to favor absolute freedom in the scal waters at all times. As a matter of fact, or January 23 Secretary Gresham addressed a note to Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador here, calling his attention to the inadequacy of the present arrangements and suggesting a modification to further restrict the fisheries. It is true that as yet no reply has been received from the British embassy, but it is fully expected that the matter will not be lost sight of.

Death of Mrs. Allendorph.

Lawrence, Kas., March 25.—(Special.) Mrs. Cornella T. Allendorph died yesterday morning at the home of her son, C. W. Allendorph, in the south part of the city, from the effects of the grip. She was over 88 years old. The funeral was held this afternoon and the remains were sent to lowa City for burial.

Washington Personal. Washington, March 25.—Mrs, John T. Heard left for Sedalla to-day. Mr. Heard will spend a few days in New York city before going home.

Silver Churn Butterine

It is our business to make this article a satisfactory substitute for high priced Creamery Butter. That we succeed thousands of housekeepers can testify. To prevent deception we print the words "Silver Churn" on each wrapper of the genuine goods.

Armour Packing Co., Kansas City, U. S. A.

A LITTLE OFF?



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NORMAN & ROBERTSON. ABSTRACTS ND QUARANTEES OF TITLE

THE IRON CHANCELLOR JOKES. HAD REASONS FOR IT Prince Bismarck Receives a Large Delegation From the Reichstag With Jests and Wittleisms. Friedrichsruhe, March S.-Three special

MEETING OF PRESIDENTS.

The Question of Percentages Receives

Chicago, March 25.—The presidents of the Vestern lines which are members of the

reight pool met to-day at the office of Chairman Midgley, of the Western Freight Association, to consider the question of percentages to be allowed the different lines. A meeting of the freight traffic

Rybakowski Writes to Chrostowiski.
Cleveland. O., March 25.—M. A. Chrostowiski, editor of a Polish paper here, is in receipt of a letter from Count Rybakowski, the leader of the Polish commonweal of last summer, who is now in Washington, in which the count says he is coming to Cleveland soon to organize another army. Chrostowski has enlisted in the movement, and he says its object is to take an expedition composed mostly of Poles to some place in the West where they can found an anarchist community. Rykabowski is expected to arrive in Cleveland shortly, and it is thought his army will be ready to move some time in May.

Damage Suit Against Emporia, Kas.

Damage Suit Against Emporia, Kas.
Emporia, Kas., March 25.—(Special.) Suit
has been brought against Emporia for
\$1,200 by W. C. Long, owner of a farm on
the Cottonwood river, for damage caused
by sewerage emptying into the river above
his place. He alleges that the water is
so polluted as to be unfit for use as stock
water; that it makes unhealthy gases and
destroys plaintiff's facilities for bathing;
also that the ice is made unfit for use or
sale.

Rybakowski Writes to Chrostowiski.

SO VERY VOLUNTARY AFTER ALL. of the reichstag and of the Prussian diet marck, Count William Bismarck, Count von

MORRILL HAD DEMANDED IT. Rantzau, husband of Prince Bismarck's daughter, and Viscount von Waldersee. The deputations proceeded to the castle

PROMPT REMOVAL WOULD HAVE FOL LOWED HAD HE FAILED TO COMPLY.

His Grand Stand Play That He Was Not in "Harmony" With Morrill's Administration Was Purely Gratuitous and the Same With Intent to Deceive.

daughter, and Viscount von Waldersee. The deputations proceeded to the castle front, where they were received in a body by Prince Bismarck, Herr von Koeller, president of the lower house of the Prussian diet, made a speech congratulating Prince Bismarck upon the approaching an niversary of his birth. The prince made a speech thanking the deputies for their kind wishes. A large temporary wooden pavilion was specially erected near the platform to accommodate the visitors, who were in the most varied attire, some wearing evening dress and opera hats and others wearing morning or traveling costumes. Conspicuous by his light blue uniform was the venerable Oberfoerster Lange, who was evidently well known to many of the visitors, and who actively assisted in their reception. Just as the train bearing the final contingent steamed into the station Prince Bismarck appeared on the platform, having walked from the house, a distance of only 150 yards. He were the uniform of the Halberstedter cuirasiers, covered by a long light green cloak, with yellow facings and a wide fur collar. The burnished helmet on his head glittered in the sun's rays. As he walked down the double row of bowing visitors, Prince Bismarck, whose bearing was as erect and soldierly as ever, though he was leaning on a cane exchanged greetings with his former colleagues and ricends, having a pleasant word for each and now and then induging in a jest which excited a burst of laughter. As he passed the point where the representative of the Associated Press was standing, the latter heart him remark: "Well, you have come to see me in my Wilderness. We're not accustomed to such grand visitors in these paris, I can tell you."

This sally evoked a fresh outburst of mer mout undimmed, and twistors in the set of the college and colleges and treated a durst of mer ment. The prince's eyes were keen and colleges and colleges and treated a durst of mer ment. The prince's eyes were keen and and many ment of the colleges and colleges and colleges and colleges and college day State Insurance Commissioner Suider tendered his resignation and gave out to with the governor to have caused the commissioner's peremptory removal if he had not resigned. The law gives the power of removal to the governor whenever in his opinion cause has arisen.

HIS WOUND NOT DANGEROUS. The Chinese Viceroy Will Recover Unless

Unforeseen Complications Result From His Advanced Age.

Washington, March 25,-Information com ing to the Chinese legation is to the effect that Li Hung Chang's wound is not dangerous, except as complications may develop. It is in the fleshy part of the face, but fortunately no part of the skull has been fractured or any vital organ reached. Prince Li's advanced age and several con-

my winterness. We're not accustomed to such grand visitors in these paris, I can tell you."

This sally evoked a fresh outburst of merriment. The prince's eyes were keen and undimmed and twinkled kindly and good naturedly while he chatted pleasantly with all on sundry subjects.

Having walked the entire length of the platform, the prince invited the visitors who were thronging around, to accompany him to the house, applopizing for the poor accommodation it afforded and intimating that a more formal reception would be held there. Count Herbert Bismarck repeated the invitation in a louder voice, and the company walked in a long, straggling procession to the house.

Loon reaching the garden the guests proceeded to the rear of the house, where there is a wide balcony. Prince Bismarck, accompanied by his sons, his daughter and his son-in-law, all in deep mourning, appeared on the terrace, and were received with loud cheers by the visitors below. When the cheering subsided, spokesmen from the several branches of the legislature made speeches briefly conveying the fervent hope that Prince Bismarck would lond be spared to enjoy his well earned repose. Each speaker paid an eloquent tribute to the great German statesman's life-work. Prince Bismarck listened attentively to the speeches, leaning against the gable of the house and bowing and touching his helmet to each round of apphause. When the adresses were over, Prince Bismarck, standing close to the stone balustrade, replied in a loud, clear voice, which was distinctly audible to all present. He spoke for nearly twenty minutes with which he began were answered with loud shouts of "Nein?" When, in the early part of his remarks with required gestures of the right hand. The self-deprecatory remarks with which he began were answered with loud shouts of "Nein?" When, in the early part of his remarks with audible sobs and tear-timmed eyes that he completed the sentence referring to his beloved William i. From that moment on the prince spoke with energy and earnestness, and l

nection Japanese officials say the "lord high executor" of "Mikado" fame, never had an existence in fact.

Mrs. John W. Foster, wife of the exsecretary of state, who accompanied Li Hung Chang in an advisory capacity, has not heard from her husband concerning the shooting. She regards this as favorable, as he assured her that he would use the cable freely. Mr. Foster's last letters came from Shanghai, prior to foining Li at Tien Tsin. Apparently Mr. Foster regards a peaceful settlement assured. The letters speak of the care of the Japanese government to prevent a popular outbreak when the first peace peace commission met at Kobe. So fearful was the government that the anti-peace feeling might bring out some shooting, such as that which has occurred to Li, that all school teachers were directed to teach Japanese children it was a necessary feature of civilization to accord every respect to forekners.

Diplomats here are inclined to believe that the entire peace negotiations possibly may be broken off by the assault on Li, by affording a pretext for European intervention. Li himself, however, will prevent a failure of peace negotiations fit the possible for him to do so, as the empress dowager has so impressed upon him the necessity of returning to China with a peace settlement, that failure, it is asserted, will be followed by his committing buildle.

Price's Cream Baking Powder is by "gold medal" appointment purveyor to serted, will be followed by his committing validide.
Yokohama, March 25,—Resolutions have been submitted to the Japanese diet regretting the attack made upon Viceroy Li Hung Chang, who was shot and wounded in the face yesteriay at Shimoneseki. The builet has not yet been extracted from the face of Li Hung Chang, but his condition is favorable. He has no fever and is suffering but little pain. His assailant, who is described as a political bravo, rushed from the crowid when the viceroy's palanquin was passing and fixed at the Chinese statesman. The builet entered the viceroy's left cheek. The affair has caused the greatest indignation here.

The Assailant Was a Lunatic. London, March 25.—The Times has this dispatch from Kobe, which will be pub-ished to-marrow: dispatch from Kobe, which will be published to-morrow:

Li Hung Chang is making good progress toward recovery from the effects of the bullet wound in his face, inflicted yesterday by Moyama Kokunosuki. The wound has developed no dangerous symptoms.

The would-be assassin is reported to be a lunatic. He has a criminal record, and has served a term of imprisonment.

A Hong Kong dispatch to the Times says that precautions against a Japanese attack have been taken at Foo Chow, Amoy and Swatow. The harbor of Amoy has been planted with torpedoes, and it is thought probable that the Japanese will make an attempt to capture that place.

The Chinese steamers are unable to enter the harbor of Tamsui, in Northern Formosa, owing to the torpedoes planted there.

The coolies employed on the wharves in the coolies employed on the wharves in the probable continued the continued there.

The coolies employed on the wharves in the coolies employed on the wharves in the probable continued in the willow's behalf, and her attorney has advised her that she will surely recover. Other blocks of valuable property are affected, and hundreds of thousands of dollars are involved.

BLOOMERS CAUSE A SENSATION.

The Staid People of Victoria, B. C., Cannot Women.

Victoria, B. C., March 25.—The police have decided that bloomers are not suitable for ladies' street wear, even when wern as a bieyelling costume, and have taken steps to enforce this decision. Miss Ethel Delmont is an enthusiastic wheelfmosa, owing there.

The coolies employed on the wharves in Hong Kong have gone on a strike. A num-ber of soldiers and convicts are employed in discharging and loading Vessels,

Latest U. S. government food report alned to highest honors of world's and Mid-winter fairs proclaims superiority of Price's Cream Baking Powder.

percentages to be allowed the different lines. A meeting of the freight traffic managers was held some time since, at which both the Burlington and Missouri Pacific made demands for larger percentages, as they had frequently been compelled to turn over business to competing lines. The freight traffic managers were unable to agree, and the presidents to-day took up the job where the managers had dropped it. The meeting was harmonious, and a scale of percentages was quickly arranged. It was decided that the allotments made to-day should apply on all business done by the lines since February I. Although no information would be given regarding the percentages, it is believed that the demands of the Burlington and Missouri Pacific were granted. It was also rumored that an increased percentage had been allowed to the Chicago-Great Western, but it was impossible to get anything definite on the matter. Chairman Caldwell has handed down a decision in regard to the basis of half-fare rates for clergymen and railroad employes from the Missouri river to Colorado common points. The ruling was called for by a peculiar condition existing west of the Missouri river. The general understanding has been that the basing rate should be the highest regular first class unlimited fare. By some lines this rate from Omaha to Colorado Springs is \$21.05; by others, \$18.15, while the limited rate on all lines is \$17. To put all the lines on an equality, the chairman decided that the regular limited first class rate of \$17, which is the highest retains for computing half-fares, unless the lines interested reach some other agreement by themselves. The grocer sends the new brand of baking rowder simply because it costs him so WAS SENATOR FAIR POISONED? Instruction That the California Millionaire Was Put Out of the way by The grocer sends the new brand of bak-ing powder simply because it costs him so much less and he can make more profit by selling it than he can on the Royal. The Royal is made from the very finest ma-terials and costs much more than any oth-er brand, which accounts for its superior-ity, although it is sold to consumers at the same price.

Interested Parties.

San Francisco, March 25.—The Call says The latest sensational development in the noted Fair will case is that insinuations are abroad that the deceased millionaire died by posson administered by parties inter-ested in his death taking place at a certain Miss Phoebe Cousins, who claims to have

Miss Phoebe Cousins, who claims to have been the affianced wife of Seator Fair, broadly hints at her suspicions that Senator Fair had been given poison at more than one time. The suspicions of Miss Cousins are backed up by a San Franciscoan, who is in a position to know a great deal that occurred to Senator Fair, just before his death. This man is keeping in the background for certain reasons, but when he tells his story the public will be able to form opinions as to whether the suspiciors of Miss Cousins are correct or not.

San Francisco, March 22.—The imposing granite manusoleum crected for the remains of Mrs. Theresa Fair and her family is ready for its secupants. One of these is the father of Mrs. Fair, Thomas Roomey, whose remains are petrified. The body was first interred at Angels' Camp. Calaveras county. The earth in which his hody was laid is largely composed of silica, the same substance as quark, though in a different state, and possessed of the power of petrication, or, more correctly, of silicifying organic substances, and changing organic tissues into a glass-like body known as silica.

The tissues were rapidly silicified. The

The tissues were rapidly silicified. The remains now weight 600 pounds. The Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest baking powder made, and has received the highest award at all the great international and state fairs wherey-er exhibited in competition with others.

ont Atchison men who called upon Govnor Marrill to urge the appointment of F. Antie of that city, as state grain pector. The governor gave them an idence, but did not indicate whether or t. Mr. Autle was to catch the plum.

MANITOBA MUST SUBMIT.

She Must Restore to the Catholics Their Parochial Schools or Will Be Forced to Do So.

Minneapolis, Minn., March 25.—A special to the Tribune from Winnipeg, Man., says: The remedial order of the governor get Catholics their parochial, or separate schools, reached this city this morning. It was addressed to the leutenant gov-ernor, and by him transmitted to the legislature, which was sitting in readiness to receive it. The legislature was crowded with an intensely carnest gathering when with an intensely carnest gathering when the important document was delivered. It was a voluminous document and reviewed all the evidence taken before the privy council of England, which body declared that the Catholics of Manitona had a grievance and that the governor general in council had the power and authority to grant redress by a remedial order. The tenor and language of the order leaves no opening for compromise. It is a command to Manitona to submit and plainly says that if the legislature does not obey the governor general, or, more accurately speaking, the Dominion government will enforce its authority. No definite action was taken to-night. After the order had been read it was laid on the table for future consideration. That the order will be rejected may be taken for certain. Of the forty members of the legislature, only four or five will vote against the rejection, these four or five being Catholics and representing purely Catholic constituencies. Premier Greenway, being interviewed to-night, said:

"We earnestly desire to act with the constitution, but let all people know this trouble is not of our own making. We

trouble is not of our own making. We claim the right to make our own laws and this right we will not give up without a struggle. The governor general's order will be rejected in its entirety. A long step will then have been made in the periliour journey upon which the government at Ottawa has set out. The Dominion parliament will then be armed with jurisdiction to impose upon Manitoba a law to which an overwhelming majority of its people are opposed. It will be wise for parliament, as Mr. Gladstone once said, to think once, think twice, think thrice, before coercing a loyal and law-abiding community. Few in numbers though they may be, they will never submit to this unjust coercion. This is a struggle for our rights. We are a free people; we will not be made slaves. We will not have the laws, which we have passed, deliberately and with full knowledge of our own conditions destroyed by a body to whom these conditions are unknown, acting without inquiry and without adequate consideration."

Many receipts as published still call for cream-of-tartar and soda, the old-fashioned way of raising. Modern cooking and ex-pert cooks do not sanotlon this old way. In all such receipts the Royal Baking Pow-der should be substituted without fail,

CLOUD ON SEDALIA TITLES.

Valuable Land in the Heart of the Claimed.

Sedalia, Mo., March 25,-(Special.) of the city learned to-day that their titles were not perfect, and that a claimant demanded dower in an estate which was divided up years ago and sold without her
consent. In the early history of Sedalia
the late ex-Mayor William P. Jackson
owned half a block of land on oblo street,
upon which stand the First National Bank
building and other substantial structures,
now very valuable property. In 1885 this
tract of ground was sold by Mr. Jackson
to various parties, and a deed to the same
was given by him, but Mrs. Jackson did
not sign the documents, and hence retains
her dower. Mrs. Jackson's attorney first
presented her claim on the First National
bank property, and Receiver Latimer recognized the justice of her demands and effected a compromise with her that resulted in her relinquishing her dower in that
particular piece of property.

An effort will be made to compromise
with the other property owners in the
First National block, but in event of failure sult will be instituted in the widow's
behalf, and her attorney has advised her
that she will surely recover. Other blocks
of valuable property are affected, and
hundreds of thousands of dollars are involved.

RI COMFRS CAUSE A SENSATION.

en steps to enforce this decision. Miss Ethel Delmont is an enthusiastic wheel-woman, pretty and graceful. Last week she made her appearance in the bloomer costume, and if Lady Godiva had herself essayed a repetition of her famous ride, the sensation could not have been greater. The town came forth to gaze, and for the moment the policemen were retrified with amazement. Then they aroused to action and Miss Ethel received an official visitor who informed her that a repetition of her appearance in the objectionable costume would mean a police court summons on the charge of creating a disturbance on a public street. Miss Delmont's bloomers are discarded.

Climate does not affect Dr. Price's Bak-ing Powder. It keeps and works in any climate.

AN ELECTION LAW SUSTAINED.

Names of Candidates Cannot Appear Upor More Than One Party Ticket. Lansing, Mich., March 25.—The act re-cently passed by the Michigan legislature, prohibiting the names of candidates for ofprohibiting the names of candidates for office from appearing upon more than one
party's teket, was sustained by the supreme court this afternoon, so far as the
power of the legislature to pass such an
act is concerned. The question was raised
by a mandamus proceeding brought against
election commissioners by Albert Todd, of
Kalamazoo, who is a candidate for representative in conscress, to succeed Julius
C. Burrows, on the Prohibition, Populist
and Pree Silver tickets. The court, while
declaring the law valid, decides that it
does not apply to Candidate Todd, as he
was nominated by one party and indorsed
by another before the act took effect. The
decision states that a written opinion on
the main point (the law's constitutionality)
will be handed down later, after the justices shall have formulated their views upon the question.

Fort Scott, Kas., March 2.—(Special.) Sheriff Allen has offered a reward of Ed-for Bill West and £25 for each of the other prisoners who escaped from the jail here sunday night, and United States Marshai Neely has offered 300 for the capture of

Senera, Kas., March 25.—(Special.) Mrs. James Brannaugh, who lived seven miles south of here, was thrown from a bugsy Sunday evening and killed. She was an old resident of Nemaha county and leaves a husband and a family of children.

INSURGENTS ROUT THREE HUNDRED SPANIARDS WITH MUCH LOSS.

THE TOWN OF MORON CAPTURED TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND MEN WILL

SOON BE UNDER ARMS.

Fight Thousard Troops Are Ready to Em bark for the Island From Madrid With a Large Quantity of Arms - Gullermon Is Not Dead.

but I will give 10 cents for a builet to down the tyrants. Every man ought to give a rife."

He placed his dime on the platform and in the course of a few minutes the sum had been increased to \$150.

GRESHAM IS CONCERNED. The British-Nicaragua Complication Is Giv-

ing Him Considerable Worry-The Right to Expel Hatch.

Washington, March 25.—Dr. Guzman, th Nicaraguan minister, was at the state de partment this morning and the inference is that he has been consulting Secretar; Gresham respecting the British ultimatum It is evident that the state department i deeply concerned in this matter, and deeply concerned in this matter, and a statement from Ambassador Bayard, explaining the purpose of Great Eritain, is anxiously looked for. It is not believed that our government can object to the creation of a commission of fair complexion to ascertain and fix damages to British subjects in Nicaragua and the issue appears to have narrowed down to the demand of an Indemnity of 175,000 for the expulsion of Mr. Hatch, British consular agent at Bluefields. It is felt here that in the present depressed financial condition of Nicaragua this is rather an exorbitant demand, but askide from this there is already a disposition to examine into the matter further and ascertain whether the Nicaraguan government did not act entirely within its rights in expelling the consular agent. It was charged by the Nicaraguans that Hatch, who was not a diplomatic officer and so could claim no exemptor on that were took an active part in

A LAUNCHING THAT FAILED.

The New American Steamship, St. Paul. Stuck Fast in the Ways to the Disuppointment of Thousands.

Philadelphia, March 25.-The big Ameri can line steamer St. Paul was not launched to-day. At the eleventh hour she disap-pointed her owners, the International Navcan line steamer St. Paul was not launched to-day. At the eleventh hour she disappointed her owners, the International Navigation Company, her builders, the Messers. Cramp and the vast multitude of humanity waiting to witness her initial dip, by refusing to budge an inch from the ways. When the scheduled time—1:5 p. m.—arrived, the yard was crowded with thousands of sightseers and Miss Frances C. Griscom stood on the christening stand swinging the bottle of champagne which was to give the ship its baptism and awaiting the signal to give its mane. The props were knocked away, but she did not move. Then an investigation was made and it was discovered that tallow with which the ways had been greased had caked to the consistency of film and instead of assisting in sliding the boat off, rather retarded its movement. When the condition of the tallow was perceived Jacks, were resorted to, but without success. Then a line of home was turned on the ways, in the hope of loosening the tallow, but this, too, failed. Next a hawser was thrown to five boats in the river and all pulled together, but all these efforts failed. At 2:45 p. m. It was announced that no further efforts would be made to launch the vessel today. Immediately after the crowd had dispersed gangs of workmen were set to work at the ways and in the course of two or three days the ways will be rebuilt, when she will again be ready to go off. This is the first failure of the sort since INS, when the Pennsylvania stuck half way down the ways. A large number of distinguished persons from all parts of the country had come to see the launch. The Sit Paul delegation, about seventy in number, reached lown yesterday and took up their quarters at the Stratford hotel, where they were welcomed by the mayor and the officials of the navigation company. This morning they were driven to Chestnut street wharf and boarded the steamboat Columbia upon which they were conveyed to the ship yard. The Gridiron Club, composed maining they were driven to Chestnut street what and boar

The sultan Getting Hold.

Constantinople, March 25.—The sultan has ordered that the sale or exhibition of portraits of Mr. Gladstone or Professor Brice, president of the British board of trade, be

BEST WAY TO CAPTURE CUBA. Senator Proctor Says It Is to Make a Com

mercial Conquest by Reviving the Reciprocity Policy. Washington, March 25.—'I don't agree,' said Senator Procior, of Vermont, to-day, 'with those of my colleagues in the senate who court trouble in Cuba in the hope that with those of my colleagues in the senate who court trouble in Cuba in the hope that we may have an opportunity to annex the island. The character of a part of the population of Cuba is such that I should not consider it desirable as a state of the Union, as it would persessarily become if annexed. I consider Cuba of vast importance to this country commercially, but prefer that it should remain as it is, or be an independent state to its becoming a part of the United States. I am for the commercial annexation, but not for territorial annexation, but not for territorial annexation, but not for territorial annexation, we can accomplish that result without a war of conquest and without purchasing the island, simply by reviving the policy of reciprocity. We made immense strides in our commerce with that country under the reciprocity clause of the McKinley law and had a trade of vast proportions with the island when the law was repealed. All that is changed now and our Cuban trade is comparatively of little consequence. It is an object lesson which the people of this country should study with care.

The senator added that he believed that the Republican party would take the first opportunity to revive the policy of reciprocity, but said he did not know whether the effort would be he in the next congress, owing to the probability of a velo of any reciprocity measure which might be enacted by congress.

TO INVESTIGATE THOROUGHLY. United States Authorities Will Look After the Sick Cattle in Kansas-Dr. Devoe There

Topeka, Kas., March 25.--(Special.) To-day Governor Morrill received the following telegram from the secretary of agr

Washington, March 25.

I regret to see, in advance of investigation, the statement in newspapers of yesterlay, on authority of Professor N. S. Mayo, that contagious rheuro-pneumonia exists in Kansas. This publication will do the cattle industry untold damage. It is now extremely important to determine the mature of the disease. I request, therefore, that cattle be held in strict quarantine and not killed until this department receives Dr. Devoe's report, and until a thorough scientific investigation can be made, if necessary.

J. STERLINO MORTON, Secretary.

This morning Dr. Devoe reported at the governor's office from the East at the first intimation of trouble among the Kansas cattle, He remained in Topeka only until the noon train, and then proceeded to Manhattan, where he expected to join Professor Mayo, and together they would make a critical examination of the affected herds. But Professor Mayo came to Topeka this morning to confer with the state sanitary bound, which was in session to-day, and the experts passed each other on the road. By to-morrow, however, they will get together and the examination will be made.

JOHN MORGAN'S ESCAPE.

The Story That He Got Out

Secretary Stanton Denled. Youngstown, O., March 25 .- The Tele gram to-day will publish a letter from Judge B. F. Hoffman, now living at Pasa-dena, Cal., who was private secretary to dena, Cal., who was private secretary to the late Governor David Tod, of Ohlo, which emphatically discredits the recent story of a Columbus man to the effect that the rebel general, John Morgan, was secretive released from the Ohlo penitentiary as the result of some understanding between Secretary Stanton and Governor Tod. I dead to relation with Governor Tod. I was Tod's private secretary at the time, closely allied to him confidentially and most certainly would have heard or known something of such a matter. But I know that the prison cells were examined where General Morgan and others, some seven or eight (not thirteen as stated), went down into the vault underneath through holes cut through the floor of the cells and out under the outside prison wall through a tunnel from the vault to the outside and when outside they climbed up the prison gate and let themselves down with ropes. The examination, fully made, showed all this to the satisfaction of every one at the time."

Comrades, complementary, essential to each other. The best Hat with an indifferent wrap, or the reverse, always fails of satisfaction. To meet the demands of intelligent taste these two stocks must be equally perfect—and they are.

Good form in dress does not imply great cost. Judgment and taste must often go with economy, and that is why this stock is so rich in moderate priced garments. It is thoroughly complete in every line.

DEFICIT IN THE WHISKY TRUST

Nearly Two Million Dollars Due the Stockholders From Former Directors and Officers.

Chicago, March 25.-A most sensational sport was submitted to Receiver McNulta, of the whisky trust to-day, by the experts who for a month have been examining the works of the Greenhut management of the books of the Greenbut management of the concern. Charges of juggling accounts, "doctoring" books and similar work are made, and the report asserts that the former directors and officers by disposing of stock to themselves, have left a dis-cepancy of \$1,92,126. The report states that \$4,984 shares of stock were sold by the officers and directors to themselves at 45 cents on the dollar, and that consequently almost \$2,000,000 is due from them to the stockholders of the Distilling and Cattle Feeding Company.

MR. LELAND DENIES IT.

His Charges Against Rogers Not Influenced by Any Personal Blas Against That Gentleman.

Topeka, Kas., March 25.—(Special.) A Topeka paper published a sensational arti-cle on Saturday in which it asserted that cle on Saturday in which it asserted that Cyrus Leland had filed charges against Senator Rogers as the result of a personal quarrel which he and Rogers had in the room of the senatorial committee of ways and means over an appropriation bill. To-day Mr. Leland telegraphed the following from his home in Troy:

Troy, Kas., March 25, 1883.

The article relating to conversation between Senator Rogers and myself is not true. I was not in his committee room, nor did we have a talk upon any subject whatever this year.

C. LELAND, JR.

The majority of mortals rely upon others' thoughts and ideas. Dr. Price's Fur Cream Baking Powder is the universely tous of household economy and comfort.

MR. M'KINLY ALMOST WELL.

The Great Protectionist Will Resume His Southern Tour To-morrow, Going to Jacksonville, Fig.

Thomasville, Ga. March 25.—Governor McKinley is rapidly convaleacing from a slight attack of the grippe. He took a drive to-day through the pines with Hon. Mark A. Hanna, of Cleveland, O., whose guest he is. He will leave here at 1550 p. m. Wednesday, going to Jacksonville. Fla. where the night will be spent. On Thursday morning he will run over to St. Augurtine, spending the day and night there. On Friday morning, he will leave for Washington, stopping for a few hours in Savannah. From Washington he will go back to Ohio. This programme may be varied slightly. The governor outlined to the Associated Press reporter to-night the above plan, and will adhere to it in the main. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Mc-Kinley. Thomasville, Ga., March 25. - Governor

Pittsburg, Kas., March 25.—(Special.) In a fight in a notorious resort here last night Thomas O'Connor was set upon by two Italians who badly cut him with knives. The physicians say there is no hope for his recovery. One of the Italians is under arrest.

Temperature pesterday-Minimum, 45; max-To-day we look for the weather to be fair and

THE SPRING MILLIN-ERY Show begins Thursday, and will continue Friday and Saturday.

Interested people in the near-by cities have asked when it would occur, and we have reason to know that our town folks understand that the first view of our Millinery is the most important occasion of its class in the fashion history of each passing season.

Our Millinery structure constantly grows greater and stronger. Progressive experience is both builder and teacher, and from a small beginning we have added point to point until now in contrast the world's resources for a perfect Millinery business, are without equal in the retailing of this Western country.

We ask you on Thursday and the two days following to come to this exhibition of the most advanced ideas, expecting to see the latest creations of the most celebrated artists. From

Madames Carlier, L. Colonih, Jossie,

ideas on Thursday.

Esther Meyer, Camille Roger. Mons. Virot,

Eugene Pariset. We have received direct importations, and you'll get the first view of these exquisite,

Dividing interest with the Millinery are the new Spring Wraps-and they are worthy comrades, complementary, es-

judges say that no other roof in the West covers so good and full an assortment of Dress Goods.

The best makers, the best dyers,

have had a hand in the matter. Carefulest buying helped. The styles and quantities you want are here. None of the rubbishy, rusty things that help to crowd the shelves in so many places-we'll have none of it here. It has to be crisp and fresh to have a footing in this stock.

Same true of Silks.

The new Gloves are crowding the places alloted themhave just come in and are not settled yet-impossible to settle 'em-one minute they're nicely put away in a box-the next they're being rushed over the counter in an envelopea constant agitation. It's this constant agitation that keeps the stock so fresh.

Every new shade is here.

EMERY, BIRD, THAYER & CO., SUCCESSORS TO

Bulleng Moore Erreyolo.

GIRARD POSTOFFICE FIGHT. Prospects Are That It Will Be Amleably

Settled in a Few Days.

Washington, March 25.—(Special.) The postmaster general is informed that the great postoffice fight in Girard, Kas., is about to be settled amicably without bloods shed and time is asked in which to consummate the terms of peace. This was in response to the information that Colonel Davidson had been selected by the attorney general for the place. It appears that the warring factions, headed by Crusenberry and Phillips, have decided that it would be better for one of their number to get the pie than allow it to go to the outside by reason of their political indiscretion. It is not known how the postmaster general will take to the suggestion.